

MIT OpenCourseWare  
<http://ocw.mit.edu>

15.997 Practice of Finance: Advanced Corporate Risk Management  
Spring 2009

For information about citing these materials or our Terms of Use, visit: <http://ocw.mit.edu/terms>.

## Problem Set #2.

### Risk neutral pricing of payoffs tied to the copper price.

#### **References**

This assignment requires that you apply the principles of risk-neutral pricing to the binomial tree from Problem Set #1. A relevant reference is Parsons and Mello, Lecture Notes on Advanced Corporate Financial Risk Management, Chapter 9.2: Risk-Neutral Pricing.

#### **Binomial Tree**

(1) Recall the binomial model developed in homework one, with  $T = 2$  years and  $N=2$ , i.e. using a two-step tree, one step for each year. The expected rate of appreciation in the price is 10%, the annual volatility is 28%, the risk-free rate is 5%, and the copper spot price starts at \$2.65/pound. Now assume that the appropriate discount rate is 10%.

- a) What are the risk-neutral probabilities? Is the risk-neutral probability of an up move higher or lower than the actual probability, and why?
- b) What is the expected price of copper in two years? What is the expected price using the risk-neutral probabilities?
- c) What is the value of a contract which delivers one unit of copper in two years? Do this once by discounting the future value of the copper delivery using the risk-neutral methodology – i.e., using risk neutral probabilities and the risk-neutral discount rate. Do this a second time discounting the future value of the copper delivery using a risk-adjusted discount rate – i.e., using the actual probabilities and some discount rate greater than the risk-neutral discount rate. What risk-adjusted discount rate gives you the same answer?
- d) What should be the price of a forward contract delivering one unit of copper 2 years from now?
- e) Now find the value of an option to buy copper two years from now at a strike price of \$2.50/pound. First, use the risk-neutral approach – risk-neutral probabilities and a risk-free discount rate. Second, use the risk-adjusted discounting approach, using the risk-adjusted discount rate derived earlier. Compare the results. Third, suggest an alternative risk-adjusted rate.

(2) Change the appropriate risk-adjusted discount rate to 15%. Adjust your spreadsheet and redo all of the calculations above.

(3) Apply the 10% discount rate to the 10-step binomial tree.

- a) What is the current forward price for contracts delivering copper in each of the different years,  $t=1,2,3,\dots,10$ ? Graph the term structure of the forward price.
  - b) What is the expected price of copper in 10 years? What is the expected price using the risk-neutral probabilities?
  - c) Find the value of an option to buy copper at a fixed strike price of \$2.50/pound with the maturity date of  $t=1,2,3,\dots,10$ . Graph the term structure of the call prices.
  - d) What is the value of a contract that takes delivery of 1 unit of copper in every year, with the price collared at \$3 and \$7? With a collar price, the price is equal to the market price unless the market price is below \$3, in which case the contract price is \$3, or the market price is above \$7, in which case the contract price is \$7.
- (4) Apply the 15% discount rate to the 10-step binomial tree.
- a) What is the forward price for contracts delivering copper in each of the different years,  $t=1,2,3,\dots,10$ ? Graph the term structure of the forward price and compare it to the term structure when the discount rate is 10%.
  - b) What is the term structure of call prices at different maturities for an exercise price of \$2.50? Graph the term structure and compare it to the term structure when the discount rate is 15%.?