

(last class)

Thm (Graham - Kleitman)

 $\alpha: E(K_n) \leftrightarrow \left[\binom{n}{2} \right]$ labelling of edges $\Rightarrow \exists$ increasing trail of length $\geq n-1$

(this is sharp; lex ordering)

(n ≥ 4?)
(nope!)Def'n $\chi: E(G) \rightarrow [k]$ a coloring χ is swell if every Δ is $\text{loc} \exists$ coloredand χ has at least 2 diff't colors $\eta(G) = \text{min} \# \text{ colors for a swell coloring}$

Thm (Ward - Szabo) (1994)

$$\eta(K_n) \geq \sqrt{n} + 1$$

Pf: ~~Let $m = \max \# \text{ edges in } K_{m+1}$~~ χ a swell coloring w/ r colors, $m = \max \# \text{ edges}$ Then $m \cdot r \geq n-1$. Let x be vt w/ same color adjacent to a vertexw/ max edges all colored c . Then edgesw/in $N(x)$ are also colored c , we've got monoch K_{m+1} , ~~$\forall y \in K_{m+1}$~~ $\forall y \in K_{m+1}$ edges of color $\neq c$ (b/c m max! + G has ≥ 2 colors)and all $y - K_{m+1}$ edges are different colors, so \exists at least $(m+1)$ ~~($m+1$)~~~~diff't~~ diff't colors $n+2 \leq r \Rightarrow$

~~$(r-2)r \geq n-1 \Rightarrow (r-2)r \geq n-1$~~

$$\Rightarrow r^2 - 2r + 1 \geq n \Rightarrow r-1 \geq \sqrt{n} \checkmark$$

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Ch 13 part 5

Example: $n = q^2$, q a power of a prime
 $r = q + 1$. Look at 3-dim vectorspace W
over \mathbb{F}_q . Define a graph whose
vertices are lines + edges are planes
containing those lines.

Very very important, v.v. famous,

Thm: (Turán 1940)

Def'n $t_r(n) = \max \#$ edges in a graph on
 n vertices w/out K_{r+1}

$\Rightarrow t_r(n) = |T_r(n)|$, where $T_r(n)$ is the Turán
graph $n = r \cdot p + s$ $p \leq s < r$

look at complete r -partite graph whose parts
have size p or $p+1$.

Def'n $ex(H, n) = \max \#$ edges in H -avoiding graph
on n vertices

Thm (Erdős-Stone, 1946)

$$ex(H, n) = \left(1 - \frac{1}{\chi(H)} + o(1)\right) \binom{n}{2}$$

Pr. in BSG MGT
4.2
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