

## Parametric Equations of Lines

1. Give parametric equations for  $x$ ,  $y$ ,  $z$  on the line through  $(1, 1, 2)$  in a direction parallel to  $\langle 2, -3, -1 \rangle$ .

**Answer:** We're given the basic data for a line of a point and a direction:

$$\langle x, y, z \rangle = \langle 1 + 2t, 1 - 3t, 2 - t \rangle \Leftrightarrow x = 1 + 2t, \quad y = 1 - 3t, \quad z = 2 - t$$

2. Give parametric equations for the intersection of the planes  $x + y + z = 1$  and  $x + 2y + 3z = 2$ .

**Answer:** We need to find the basic data.

A point on the intersection: we take  $z = 0$  and solve for  $x$  and  $y \Rightarrow P_0 = (0, 1, 0)$ .

The line of intersection is perpendicular to both normals (to the planes), thus

$$\mathbf{v} = \langle 1, 1, 1 \rangle \times \langle 1, 2, 3 \rangle = \begin{vmatrix} \mathbf{i} & \mathbf{j} & \mathbf{k} \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 \end{vmatrix} = \langle 1, -2, 1 \rangle.$$

We get parametric equations

$$x = t, \quad y = 1 - 2t, \quad z = t.$$

Remark: The parametrization is not unique. You might have described the same line using a different point  $P_0$  or a scaled version of  $\mathbf{v}$ .

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