

## Non-independent Variables

1. We give a worked example here. A fuller explanation will be given in the next session.

Let

$$w = x^3y^2 + x^2y^3 + y$$

and assume  $x$  and  $y$  satisfy the relation

$$x^2 + y^2 = 1.$$

We consider  $x$  to be the independent variable, then, because  $y$  depends on  $x$  we have  $w$  is ultimately a function of the single variable  $x$ .

a) Compute  $\frac{dw}{dx}$  using implicit differentiation.

b) Compute  $\frac{dw}{dx}$  using total differentials.

**Answer:**

a) Implicit differentiation means remembering that  $y$  is a function of  $x$ , e.g.,  $\frac{dy^2}{dx} = 2y \frac{dy}{dx}$ .

Thus,

$$\frac{dw}{dx} = 3x^2y^2 + 2x^3y \frac{dy}{dx} + 2xy^3 + 3x^2y^2 \frac{dy}{dx} + \frac{dy}{dx}.$$

Now we differentiate the constraint to find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$ .

$$x^2 + y^2 = 1 \Rightarrow 2x + 2y \frac{dy}{dx} = 0 \Rightarrow \frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{x}{y}.$$

Substituting this in the equation for  $\frac{dw}{dx}$  gives

$$\frac{dw}{dx} = 3x^2y^2 - 2x^3y \frac{x}{y} + 2xy^3 - 3x^2y^2 \frac{x}{y} - \frac{x}{y} = 3x^2y^2 - 2x^4 + 2xy^3 - 3x^3y - \frac{x}{y}.$$

b) Taking total differentials of both  $w$  and the constraint equation gives

$$\begin{aligned} dw &= 3x^2y^2 dx + 2x^3y dy + 2xy^3 dx + 3x^2y^2 dy + dy \\ &= (3x^2y^2 + 2xy^3) dx + (2x^3y + 3x^2y^2 + 1) dy \end{aligned}$$

$$2x dx + 2y dy = 0.$$

We can solve the second equation for  $dy$  and substitute in the equation for  $dw$ .

$$dy = -\frac{x}{y} dx \Rightarrow$$

$$\begin{aligned} dw &= (3x^2y^2 + 2xy^3) dx + (2x^3y + 3x^2y^2 + 1) \left(-\frac{x}{y}\right) dx \\ &= (3x^2y^2 - 2x^4 + 2xy^3 - 3x^3y - \frac{x}{y}) dx \end{aligned}$$

Thus,

$$\frac{dw}{dx} = 3x^2y^2 - 2x^4 + 2xy^3 - 3x^3y - \frac{x}{y}.$$

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18.02SC Multivariable Calculus  
Fall 2010

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